63.84

Catalogue of South African Native Seeds, Bulbs and Succulent Plants

Grown by

K. C. STANFORD

Bloem Erf, Stellenbosch, South Africa

JANUARY, 1934



This year I am sending out my list sooner to enable customers to get their bulbs planted earlier in the season. Packets of bulb seeds consisting of not less than 50 seeds are reduced to 1/6, except where marked *, when they are 2/6.

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It is impossible to quote prices in American currency as the exchange varies. Bulbs are sent out January to May; seeds all the year. Bulbs 5/- per dozen except where price is stated.

Customers in U.S.A. cannot import bulbs without a permit.

Trade lists to nurserymen on request.

I.ook out for the novelties and order immediately. Stocks of these are not large.

Try some S.A. annuals, something new each season.

Monsonia Speciosa

GLADIOLUS.

- Gladiolus blandus—Known as "the fairest Gladiolus," typical "Painted Lady" colouring. 1-1½ ft., up to 20 blooms on a stem often branched.
- © G. cardinalis—"The Superb Gladiolus," long sprays of large carmine-red flowers with white throat markings outlined in dark red. Likes moist, shady situation.
 - G. gracilis—The earliest to bloom, 1-2 ft. high, very graceful, flowers blue or buff marked with yellow on the lower lip. One of the prettiest.
 - G. hirsutus—Large deep pink blossoms, striped white. Sweetly scented. Very robust and handsome. 7/6 per doz.
 - G. callistus—3 ft. high, flowers well spaced on stem, pale pink or white with deeper throat markings.

 Manner of growth reminds one of Prim. hybrids.
 - G. angustus—Very branched, of the "Painted Lady" type, with very long narrow perianth tube.
 - ♠ G. odoratus—Very desirable species, winter blooming, flowers large, marked brown or maroon. Very sweet hyacinth scent. Price 10/- per dozen.
 - G. alatus or Kalkoenje—A very distinct type, useful in hybridizing. Large flowers terra-cotta, with green or yellow on lower segments. Sweet scented. 6 in.-1 ft. 3/6 per dozen.
 - G. psittacinus variety Hookeri—Height 5 ft., 14-20 large blooms on strong stems. Flowers brilliant scarlet with orange on lower lip. Flowers late autumn.
 - G. tristis (Syn. G. aestivalis. Ingram)—Height 4-6 ft., very thin stems, 10-20 on a spray, pale yellow, mottled brown. Evening scented. Flowers midsummer. 3/6 per dozen.
 - G. tristis—Height 1 ft., two or three large blooms on a stem; good creamy yellow marked brown on outside of segments. Flowers early spring.
 - G. grandis—Resembles G. tristis but flowers are larger and 2-3 on a stem, usually reddish-brown or bronze, mottled with yellow. A most attractive flower of perfect form with pointed, waved segments. Very sweetly scented in evening, flowers midsummer. 4/- per dozen.
 - G. splendens—Very distinct habit of growth. Flowers on long sprays resembling G. cardinalis but more delicate and more intense colour. Flowers autumn. Seed only.
 - * G. orchidflorus (variety)—Very sweetly scented. 1-1\frac{1}{5} ft. high. 5 blooms open at a time. Chocolate brown with yellow green on lower lip. 7/6 per dozen.
 - *G. Watermeyeri—Flowers very early spring, scented. Flower large, resembling G. alatus. Cream, veined crimson. 7/6 per dozen.

Gladiolus gracilis.

- G. formosus—Flowers very early spring, delicate colouring in mauve and yellow.
- G. brevifolius—Very dainty. Pink or blue. Flowers end of summer, leaves later. Charming pot plant.
- G. viperatus—The famous green Kalkoenje. Shaped like Galatus, but much taller, sprays of green blooms marked brown. Very sweetly scented. 15/per dozen.
- G. pulchellus—Very dainty sprays of soft pink marked yellow, quite a distinct species, type near G. formosus. 10/- per dozen.
- G. alatus var.—Somewhat larger than G. Alatus, dark band across lower segments. 10/- per dozen.
 - G. Namaquensis—Very large edition of G. alatus, leaves wide with distinct red edge. Very rare, seed only. 2/- per dozen.

WATSONIAS.

Watsonias may be divided roughly into two classes, those that bloom in Spring or early Summer, becoming dormant in the hot weather, and those which flower from midsummer onwards and are evergreen. The first class likes a hot dry situation in well-drained soil, while the second likes plenty of moisture the year round. The first nine on this list come under the first heading.

W. meriana (variety)—Colour good rose pink. A more compact habit of blooming than the type and more showy. A very desirable species, good for cut flowers. £1 15s. per 100.

W. angusta-Height 5 ft., flowers scarlet, resemb-

ling the improved Montbretias.

W. aletroides—Height 1½-2 ft. A very attractive plant. Spike of flowers resembles that of a large Lachenalia. Flowers brick red and pendulous.

W. tabularis-Very beautiful species found on Table Mountain. Large peach coloured flowers,

blooming at midsummer. 7/6 per dozen.
W. roseo-alba—Very pretty pink and white flowers with long, twisty segments. Height 1-11 ft.

W. Versfeldii (variety alba)—Resembles the well-known W. Ardenii but the flowers are rounder and somewhat larger. Stems 5 ft. A profuse bloomer. 4/- per dozen.

W. Versfeldii (variety pink)—A good salmon pink,

very large blooms. 4-5 ft.

W. marginata—Height 4-5 ft. Delicate sprays of numerous lavender-pink blooms. Excellent for

W. rosea—The common pink Watsonia of the mountain slopes. Very robust. 3/- per dozen.

W. Beatricis—An excellent late-flowering Wat-sonia. Strong, 5 ft. stems of large flowers. Every shade of salmon, orange, terra-cotta and

W. longifolia—Resembles W. Beatricis but blooms two months earlier. Same range of colours occasionally shading to deep cream or white w. Stanfordiae—One of the most beautiful.

Height 4-5 ft., flowers very large on thin stems. Colour from deep carmine to maroon. Very distinct species. 7/6 per dozen.

W. Pillansii—Flowers large and clear orange.

Foliage yellow-green. Height 3-4 ft. Blooms

Winter. Splendid for cutting.

W. Galpini—A most attractive species, growing in or near water. Long, delicate sprays of cerise or carmine flowers. Flowers Autumn.

7/6 per dozen. W. densiflors—A very distinct and attractive species. Crowded white blooms with shining brown brachts. Scented. These require water in Summer only, may be taken up and kept in sand in Winter.

W. longicollis-Flowers late in summer but likes hot well-drained situation. Height 1-11 ft., spikes of brilliant blue flowers-

not at all like a Watsonia.

Watsonia aletroides.

New Watsonia species, at present not named:

- 1. Flowers orange. Large regular blooms on delicate stems, gray-green foliage. Height 2 ft.
- 2. Taller, flowers deeper orange. More robust foliage, dark flower stems.
- 3. Large orange red flowers. Very wide leaves, 5 ft.
- 4. Large salmon pink flowers, 5 ft.

A LACHENALIA.

- Lachenalia aurea—Flowers deep orange on good, long stems; flowers early.

 L. rubida—Flowers very brilliant pink. Flowers very early.

 L. pustulata—Flowers yellowish, slightly scented. 4/- per dozen.

 L. orchioides—Flowers greenish, shading to mauve. 4/- per dozen.

 L. tricolor—Flowers very large, in green, yellow and red. Splendid species.

 Flowers early. 4/- per dozen.

 L. unifolia—Very pretty. Flowers sky blue, shading to pink.

 L. purpureo-coerulea—Good lavender blue flowers, very showy.

 L. unicolor—Height 1 ft. or more. Very many purple and green flowers closely.

L. unicolor-Height 1 ft. or more. Very many purple and green flowers closely packed.

L. pendula-Very large red flowers, tipped green. Blooms Winter. 7/6 per

BABIANA.

Babiana stricta—Crocus-like flowers of very deep blue. Excellent for borders or the rock garden. 4/- per dozen, 25/- per 100.

B. stricta rubro-cyanea—Deep blue flowers with brilliant red centres. One of the showiest of the Cape flowers.

B. villosa—Flowers from deep red to pale lavender. 3/6 per dozen.

B. plicata—Dwarf, very early flowering. Lavender flowers marked with primrose, and purple. Sweet scented. 3/6 per dozen.

B. sulphurea The biggest of the Babianas, I ft. spikes of large white or cream flowers.

SPARAXIS.

Sparaxis tricolor—Very gay and free flowering, early spring. Flowers orange, brown or brick-red with all intermediate colours. 3/- per doz., 12/6 per 100.

S. grandiflora—Cream—Tall free-flowering. 2/-

per doz., 10/- per 100.

grandiflora—Purple—The most beautiful Sparaxis. Large fle purple. 4/- per doz. Large flowers a deep velvety

Pillansii-Very tall species. Flowers old

rose with yellow centres. 3/6 per doz. S. bulbifera—Very distinct and attractive species. Flowers a good clear yellow. 4/-

per doz. Bloem Erf hybrids—Very tall and large flowered, in shades of crimson, deep amethyst

Seeds of any of these species sown in autumn and kept growing will bloom the following spring.

TRITONIA.

Tritonia hyalina—Flowers deep salmon or orange on dark stems. Prices 3/6 per dozen, 25/- per 100.

T. deusta—Deep orange flowers with large brown spot on each of the three outer

lineata—Taller than the others. Flowers cream with darker veins. Prices 2/6 per dozen, 10/- per 100.

T. scillaris—Very attractive, early flowering. 6 inch spikes of tiny deep pink flowers. Charming for the rock garden or pots in greenhouse.

* T. squallida-Very attractive species, large flowers on short stems, in shades of old rose, salmon and flame.

T. securigera—Delicate flowers of light orange colours.

ARISTEA.

Sparaxis grandiflora—purple

These plants make no corms or tubers and mostly very little root-stock and resent disturbance, therefore, only seed will be supplied. The seed germinates easily and they soon become established if planted out in the seedling stage. Aristea spiralis—Very delicate pale blue flowers on one foot stems.

A. Ecklonis-Effective sprays of sky-blue flowers packed closely together. 2 ft.

A. capitata-5 ft. sprays of deep blue flowers. When growing in masses on the hillsides it resembles clumps of delphiniums.

A. cyanea—Plants make neat tufts, which, in the Spring, are covered with in-

tensely blue flowers.

A. dichotoma—Closely resembles A. cyanea but flowers midsummer and later.

A. platycaulis—Plants make big clumps. Flowers on 3 ft. stems, individual blooms. Large. Blooms for a long period.

CYRTANTHUS.

Cyrtanthus Mackenii-White Ifafa Lily. Resembles a hyacinth but flowers in an umbel. Sweet scented, blooms winter. 4/- per dozen.

C. O'Brienii-Similar to C. Mackenii, but flowers are a bright clear red.

C. parviflorus-Flower slightly smaller than C. O'Brienii but flower an even brighter red.

C. Fergusoniae—A most beautiful species, large cerise blooms, likes sand and lime stone. Very rare. Bulbs 1/9 each.

IXIA.

Ixia patens—Large rose pink blossoms on stem 2-2½ ft. 4/- per dozen.

I. maculata—Cream blooms with black centres. 3/6 per dozen.

I. Duckettiae—Orange blooms, black centres. 2 ft. stems. 3/6 per dozen.

I. flexuosa—Very delicate stems, pink flowers. 3/- per dozen.

I. lutea (variety)—Rlowers deep yellow red on outside of segments. 3/6 per dozen.

I. lutea (variety)—Flowers deep yellow, red on outside of segments. 3/6 per dozen.

. I. viridiflora—The famous Green Ixia of the Cape. Stems 3-4 ft., flowers duck's-egg green with black centres. 7/6 per dozen.

I. viridiflora (variety)—Same habit. Flowers blue on outside of segments and pink on opening. Very attractive. 4/- per dozen.

I. polystachia (Lilac)—Flowers midsummer. Flowers lilac with blue "eye." 3/6 per dozen.
I. scariosa—Very early flowering. White, blossoms

large. Good for pots. 3/6 per dozen.

I. ovata—Flower blood-red and very conspicuous.

One of the best: 6/- per dozen.

I. columellaris—Flowers large deep purple or amethyst, black "eye." Stem 9 in.-1 ft.

I. monadelpha-Large bright china-blue flowers on short stems.

MOREA.

Morea iridioides-A robust plant flowering all the year, stems 4 to 5 ft. Blooms white, large, with gold club-shaped markings on falls.

M. spathacea—Large yellow blooms with brown mark on falls, leaves 4-5 ft. long.

M. bicolor—Charming species, blooms deep cream with brown marks on falls, outlined in orange shading into orange dots.

M. tristis—Stems about 6 in. greyish-brown. 4/- per dozen. Flowers buff or

M. tripetala—Dainty pale blue flowers, very early Spring. Stems 1 ft.

M. villosa (Hybrids)—Our loveliest spring flower. Height 1 to 11 ft. Flowers in varying shades of mauve, bronze, yellow, and white, all with definite peacock eye. 10/- per dozen.

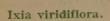
M. villosa—As above, but flowers all blue or mauve,

with peacock eye. 8/- per dozen.

ORNITHOGALUM.

Ornithogalum Arabicum-Very large species. White globe-shaped flowers with shining black

O. thyrsoides-The Cape Chincheringchee. Height 2-3 ft. White starlike flowers with brown centres. 3/6 per dozen, 21/- per 100.



- O. lacteum—Flowers smaller than the last, pure white on delicate stems.
- O. splendens—Magnificent species. Large orange-red blooms on 2 ft. stems. Very scarce. 10/- per dozen.
 - O. aureum-Orange or yellow flowers resembling O. thyrsoides. Height 1 ft.
 - O. (double)—Probably a double form of O. thyrsoides but flowers later and is very distinct. Very attractive, remaining in bloom for months. Very much resembles a fine Tube-rose. New to cultivation. 7/6 per dozen.
 - O. Fergusoniae—A newly discovered species. Flowers from cream and buttercup yellow to orange. Height 9 in.
 - O. maculatum—A small delicate species. Flower orange with dark spot on three outer petals.
 - O. Saundersae—A giant white flowered species, 4-5 ft., blooming late in summer. Requires very dry conditions.

GEISSORHIZA.

Geissorhiza hirta—Resembles a Babiana. Flowers in two shades of old rose. 3/6 per dozen.

- G. hirta (variety)—Flowers creamy white.
- G. secunda—Flowers many, small. Good shade of blue. 3/6 per dozen.
- G. splendidissima—Flowers large and deep blue, a charming plant. 7/6 per dozen.

HAEMANTHUS.

Haemanthus coccineus—Very large blood-red flowers on thick spotted stems. Flowers end of summer, leaves later. 6/- per dozen. Seed, 1/- per doz., 7/- per 100.

- H. Katharinae—Very beautiful species, 1/6 each. Excellent for pot culture. Seed, 1/6 per dozen, 10/- per 100.
- H. magnificus—Most conspicuous. Flowers orange red. 1/6 each.

KNIPHOFIA.

Kniphofia aloides—Flowers spring and again in autumn. 5 ft. stems. Flowers red and yellow.

- K. near K. longicollis—Blooms spring. Stems 1-1½ ft. Flowers clear yellow and red. Very free-flowering.
- * K. near K. MacOwanii—Blooms midsummer. 2-3 ft. Fiery orange and red. Very free-flowering.
- K. sp. from Knysna, near K. aloides—Flower-heads larger, better shaped and darker in colour. Leaves darker and saw-edged.
 All these come easily from seed and as they are never really dormant that is the safest way to order.

BULBOUS PLANTS-VARIOUS.

Schizostylis coccinea var. grandiflora—Very striking, resembles a brilliant carmine gladiolus. Flowers late autumn, requires plenty of moisture. Excellent for cutting. 4/- per dozen, £1 5s. per 100.

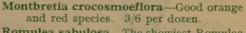
Nerine filifolia—A most profuse bloomer in autumn. Flowers deep pink with narrow crinkled segments. Excellent for cutting. 4/- per dozen, £1 5s. per 100, £10 per 1,000.

Synotia bicolor—Resembles a small gladiolus. Flower cream marked violet. Very charming. Flowers very early spring—splendid for pot culture.

- S. Metelerkampiae—Flowers much larger, deep violet. Very uncommon and charming plant. 7/6 per dozen.
- Crinum longifolium—Handsome species—leaves 4 ft. or more. Very large heads of lily-like flowers. White, striped deep red. Splendid for tubs or large pots. 1/- each.
- * Crinum capense—Leaves shorter and much waved. Flowers almost white, segment more reflexed. 1/- each.
- Anioganthus sp.—Resembles a brilliant yellow Cyrtanthus. Stem 1 ft.
 - Richardia Elliotiana var. maculata—Good yellow arum with maroon spot inside spathe. 6/- per dozen. Seed, 1/6 per dozen, 10/6 per 100.
 - R. Rehmannii—Flowers a charming shade of old rose pink. Seed only, 2/- per dozen, 15/- per 100.

- Ammocharis falcata—Flower resembles Belladonna Lily but slightly smaller and a more agreeable scent. Leaves sickle-shaped lying flat on the ground. Flowers autumn. Seed, 2/- per dozen.
- Eucomis undulata—Arrangement of flowers resembles a pineapple. 6/- per dozen.
- , Vallota purpurea or George Lily. Known in England as Scarborough Lily. Large bright scarlet flowers. Price 6/- per dozen, £2 per 100.
- Agapanthus umbellatus var.—Small mountain species with deep blue flowers on 1 ft. stems. 6/- per dozen.
 - Dierama pendula—5 ft. sprays of delicate lavender or pink pendulous flowers.

 4/- per dozen.
 - D. media—A dwarf edition of D. pendula. Stems 2½ ft. Very attractive. 5/-per dozen.
 - Streptanthera cuprea—Very striking species resembles Sparaxis. Flowers tangerine with petunia coloured centre outlined by a circle in black.
- Sandersonia aurantiaca—miniature Lilium with deep orange flowers like Chinese lanterns. 7/6 per dozen.
- Brunsvigia gigantea—Flowers arranged as a candelabra, bright pink. When seeds are ripe flower stalk becomes detached and rolls across the veld. 1/- each.
- Acidanthera Muirii—Before the flowers open, plant is conspicuous by its leaves and buds, being in two distinct shades of green. Flowers large, while or pale pink. Veined deep red. Flowers in succession for two months. 10/- per dozen. Rare.
- Ferraria undulata—Cream flower with bright brown waves segments. Maroon spots.
- Veltheimia viridifolia—Somewhat larger than V. glauca, leaves brilliant green. Flowers very early spring. An excellent pot plant. 1/6 each.
- Hesperantha Buhrii—Charming species. Flowers remain closed until 4 p.m. when rose pink segments open and flowers show dazzling white.
- Amaryllis Belladonna—Large heads of lily-like flowers, pale pink or white. Flowers late summer, leaves appear later. 2/6 per dozen.



- Romulea sabulosa—The showiest Romulea of all. Flower very early spring. Bloom very large and brilliant, red with yellow markings. Plant 3-6 ft. high. Warmly recommended for bringing on in pans in cool greenhouse for early flowering. Good for rock gardens but likes fairly moist conditions. The best of this season's introductions. For further description see New Flora and Silva, July, 1932. Bulbs 10/- per dozen.
- R. ochroleuca—Blooms midsummer, very attractive with quantities of ivory flowers with satiny sheen in tufts of dark green grass-like foliage. 5/- per dozen.
- Melasperula sp.—Long sprays of tiny cream or orange flowers resembling a Thalictrum. Charming for pan or hanging basket. 10/- per dozen.



- Hypoxis stellata—Large golden-yellow stars on 6 in. stems. Bulbs 10/- per dozen.
- H. stellata var. elegans—Large star-shaped white flowers with conspicuous peacock eye. Flower very early spring. 10/- per dozen.
- *Galaxia graminea—Plant about 3 in., resembles a yellow Oxalis. Good for pans in greenhouse. Flowers early.
- * Micranthus fistulosus—1 ft. spikes of blue flowers in late summer.
- M. plantagineus—Same, with a flat leaf instead of tubular.
 - Strelitzia reginae-The handsome Crane flower. Seed only, 2/- per dozen.
 - S. augusta—Also very handsome and rare. Seeds 3/- per dozen.
- *Hesperantha Stanfordiae—A charming novelty. Flowers larger than H. Buhrii very clear yellow. 7/6 per dozen.



Lapeyrousia grandiflora-Brilliant red flowers, charmingly marked. Bulbs 8/6 per dozen. No seed for disposal.

GERANIALES. (Seeds of all these are 2/- per dozen.)

PELARGONIUM.

Pelargonium pinnatum—Delightful species, new to cultivation. Suitable for rock garden. Height 6 in. Dark green pinnate leaves, heads of pale pink flowers with deep crimson markings.

P. fulgidum—Mountain species showing itself very adaptable to garden con-

ditions.

P. zonale-Near the garden type of zonal pelargonium. Large brilliant salmon

P. echinatum—Very dark leaves spreading or hanging trusses of white flowers with deep maroon markings. Excellent for walls or rockwork.

P. incrassatum Small plant with large showy heads of brilliant deep pink

Monsonia speciosa—One of our showiest spring flowers. Large blooms, white or pale pink veined deeper pink. Neat growing, makes excellent border. Perennial, comes easily from seed, flowers freely.

OXALIS.

These Oxalis species have been specially selected for good blooms and neat habit. Those species which are apt to get out of control and over-run the rock garden are not listed. Tubers of all these are somewhat scarce at present, price 3/- per half dozen.

Oxalis variabiis—Delicate foliage, shell pink blooms. O. glabra-Good white blooms with frilly appearance.

O. obtusa-Neat habit, apricot flowers.

Hypoxis stellata var. elegans.

O. obtusa var.—Pink flowers.

O. lanata-Flowers pink.

O. luteola—Flowers very good yellow.
O. species—Bigger than the others, stems and under side of leaves dark red.

COMPOSITES. (Seed only—in 1/6 packets.)

Charieis heterophylla—Beautiful little sky blue daisy with deep blue centres to flowers. 6 in. Annual.

Felicia Aethiopica-A compact 3 ft. bush covered with sky blue flowers with vellow centres. Flowers winter.

Felicia rotundifolia—Tiny sky-blue daisy with yellow centre.

Aster fruticosa—Perennial, making clumps 1-2 ft, high and as much in diameter.

Covered with lavender flowers. Flower spring.

Arctotis aspera—Perennial, making clumps 4 ft. through very dark green leaves

and good yellow flowers in great profusion.

A. species—Habit of A. revoluta, foliage grey, covering several square feet of ground. Flowers large, soft crimson with a white ring round the disc.

A. grandis—Annual with silver-blue or white flowers, grey foliage. Height 2 ft. A. speciosa—very large flower on stems 1 ft. or more. Crimson, orange, deep red, cinnamon or yellow. Blooms 4 in. across. Perennial but where winters are severe may be treated as half hardy annual. A splendid species. Known to European nurserymen as A. acaulis.

A. revoluta—Prostrate, grey foliage. Flower golden yellow, red on reverse of ray florets. Flowers stand up well on good stems. Excellent for cutting.

Hellchrysum argenteum—Grey foliage, neat growing plant, slightly trailing, suitable for walls. Flowers yellow, excellent for miniature posies. Very

Dimorphotheca fruticosa-Perennial creeping. Bluish white daisy with blue

D. nudicaulis—Annual, 1 ft. Large gleaming white blooms with petunia ring

D. cuneata—Perennial growing into a solid 3 ft. bush covered with brilliant white flowers, bronze on the reverse.

D. Chrysanthemifolia—Perennial. Bush 2-4 ft. covered with good golden vellow

D. chrysanthemifolia variety-Probably a hybrid. Perennial. Large primroseyellow blooms slightly deeper shade on the reverse. Mauve centres. Long blooming period.

D. aurantiaca—Annual. Good orange flowers sometimes with dark green ring in centre of flower. Height 1 ft.

D. Ecklonis—Sturdy bush covered with large white blooms, blue on the reverse, blue disc.

D. calendulacea (1)—Very fine variety found last spring on the border of Namaqualand. Large blooms, ray florets primrose shading to copper, disc black usually . surrounded by a peacock ring.

D. calendulacea (2)—Ray florets, good orange yellow, deep copper ring round

disc. Height 1 ft.

Gorteria diffusa-Habit prostrate, many flowers of a deep orange colour. Disc inconspicuous but two or sometimes three of the brilliant ray florets show a

large pear-shaped peacock mark, very attractive.

Tripteris hyoserioides, 2 ft.—Panicles of good deep yellow flowers, 2 ins. across, sometimes 5 open at a time.

Gerbera Jamesonii—The well-known Barberton Daisy, large blooms on 2 ft. stems, brilliant scarlet: Perennial. Seeds 6d. for 25.

G. Jamesonii hybrids—A splendid strain of these wonderful flowers in shades

of lemon, orange, salmon, flame, etc. Seeds 9d. for 25.
Ursinia anethoides—Flowers large, orange with dark ring. Very light foliage.

Height 1-13 ft. Annual.

Venidium fastuosum—Very large brilliant orange flowers with double frill of ' petals" and dark ring in centre of flower. Seed collected in Namaqualand from plants standing 4 ft. Annual.

Gazania pavonia Compact plant. Very large brilliant orange flowers with ring

of dark brown in which are attractive patterns in blue.

Gazania pavonia variety hirtella—Similar habit. Foliage soft grey. Flowers G. Pottsii—Very large blooms in varying shades of yellow and orange, stems

G. longiscapa—Very large blooms on 2 ft. stems, yellow shading to orange with dark ring.

G. pinnata var.—The most brilliant of all though somewhat smaller, flowers a dazzling brown almost red. Seeds very scarce.

Euryops sp.—Bush growing to 6 ft. covered with large yellow daisy flowers. Flowers winter.

TREES AND SHRUBS.

Bignonia Tweediana. Calodendron capensis. Clerodendron splendens. Eriosema salignum. Erythrina Zevheri. Leucadendron adscendens. argenteum.

lineare. . Plumbago capensis. mellifera var. alba. barbigera. neriifolia.

Leucospermum conocarpum. Protea grandiflora. cynaroides. pityphylla. Putterlickia pyracantha Pycnostachys urticifolia Psoralea pinnata. Podalyria calyptrata. Sutherlandia frutescens. Virgilia capensis.

Packets 1/- each, containing not less than 1 doz. seeds. Prices for seedlings or young bushes on application.

NOVELTIES.

Cheironia baccifera—Charming plant, about 11 ft. high, more in diameter, very fine leaves, the whole plant covered with clear pink blooms succeeded by

attractive red berries. New to cultivation.

Lobelia—A newly discovered species not at present determined Perennial. Height 2 to 3 ft.. Long, much-branched spikes of deep blue flowers, very showy and free-flowering. A splendid introduction. Seed only. Comes easily from seed and flowers in 6 months. Flowers all summer.

EXOTICS.

Zephyranthes candida—Small bulbous plant resembling a good white crocus.

Good for edging of border.

Sprekelia formosissima—A beautiful deep red amaryllis of unusual shape.

6/- per dozen.

Euphorbia splendens—The Christ Thorn. Makes a beautiful hedge or pot plant, brilliant scarlet flowers. Quotations given for unrooted slips or for seeds per 100 or per 1,000.

SUCCULENTS.

Seed 1/6 per packet. Number of seeds according to variety of plant. Seedling plants from 6d. each. Young Aloes make charming pot plants and are easily

Aloe saponari. Aloe aculeata. Aloe Marlothi. microstigma. "Salm Dyckiana, orange, " mitriformis.

" Barbertonae. "
" castanea. " " castanea. " Cooperi.

- " yellow and r " striata. " Transvaalensis. ;, latifolia. ;, Greenii. " Chabaudii. " Davyana. ", Preactilis. ", tingitana. ", variegata. ", variegata. ", vuoriegata. ", vuorie " Dyeri. " ferox. globugemma. "rubrolutea. "Wickens "sp. Kimberley. "sessiflora. brevifoli globugemma. , sp. Kimberley. , sessiflora. , brevifolia. , latifolia. , stachadefolia. , von Balenii. , longibracteata. , Schlecteri. , supra-laevis. , longistyla.
- " longistyla.

MESEMBRIANTHEMUM (shrubby, i.e. conspicuous in habit and not the tiny stone plants which are listed later).

M. criniflorum syn. Dorotheanus criniflorus—A very pretty annual, flowers all shades. Delightful for pockets in rockwork, or for pans in greenhouse, may be treated as Portulava.

M. coalescens—Very small grey leaves, red stems trailing, suitable for walls.

Covered with delightful lavender flowers, very sweetly scented.

M. coalescens var. -- More solid habit of growth, making cushions covered with the lovely scented flowers.

M. explanatum—Creeping, making huge patches covered with yellow blooms.

M. Arbuthnotiae—Very fine foliage, thin wiry stems, pale mauve flowers, creeping.

M. amoenum—Bushes 2 ft. high by 4 ft. in diameter, covered with large roselavender flowers.

M. Pittenii—Excellent species with large cerise flowers with white centres.

M. Watermeyeri—Trailing, good white blooms.

M. coccineum—Flowers 2½ in. across, brilliant cerise.
M. speciosum—Grows into a large bush sometimes 6 ft. through, covered with flame coloured or deep red blooms, white centres. M. Haworthii Compact 9 in. plant, completely covered with large petunia coloured

flowers.

Conicosia pugioniformis—Brilliant yellow flowers which catch the light and give a sparkling effect. Excellent amongst grey rocks. Perennial.

Cephalophyllum anemoniflorum-Trailing. Large blooms, apricot, pink or white. Very distinct.
C. Goodii—Trailing, large orange blooms.

C. procumbens-Flower yellow.

Carpobrotus circinaciformis—Trailing, very large showy blooms.

Piquettia Pillansii—Tall shrubby mesemb. Very distinct, blooms in crimson and white.

Delosperma litorale-

D. Mahoni—Greyish foliage. Purple flowered. Procumbent.
D. multiflorum—Small plant, very dainty, covered with flowers in various shades. Orange, yellow, purple.

D. Steytlerae-

Hymenocyclus purpureo-croceus-Large flowers, coppered coloured on opening, turning to crimson.

Trichodiadema stelligera-Very free growing and free flowering. Attractive

T. pruinosum—Rare species, making small compact growth, leaves sparkling,

edged with glandular hairs. Fl. yellow.

Portulacaria afra—Shrubby procumbent. Good species for rock garden.

Unrooted cuttings of all these, 6d. each.

DWARF STEMLESS PLANTS. (Suitable for Small Pots.)

Anacampseros telephiastrum.

Gibbeaum album—white foliage.

angulipes.

dispar. 72 " geminum.

" molle. pachypodium.

59 pubescens.

Haworthias are neat attractive plants eminently suitable for small pots. Foliage varies with the species. Plants from 1/- to 2/6 each.

Haworthia albicans. arachnoides.

cymbiformis. 22

margaretifera.

H. laetevirens.

1/ 199 11

H. setata. H. setata var. aranea. H. variegata.

Glottiphyllum depressum.

erectum.

, luestrum.

· Salmi.

retusa. rugosa.

9.9

...

Packets of mixed Haworthia seed 1/- each. Separate species 1/6. Pleiospilos Bolusii.

Fergusoniae—New species. Very desirable. Comes easily from seed. Large blossom.

Simulans—Plant closely resembles a collection of largish stones.

SUCCULENTS (VARIOUS).

*Cotyledon Cooperi-Very choice, leaves resemble tiny plovers eggs, being covered with maroon spots.

decussata—Small edition of C. Flanaganii.

Flanaganii—1 ft. Showy bloom. Good habit. grandiflora—Long narrow leaves. Showy flowers. 22

orbiculata-Well known grey-leaved species, red margins. 2.2

orbiculata var.—Large white leaves with conspicuous lemon-vellow 9.9

paniculata.

", tigrina—Very attractive rounded leaves, spotted crimson. 4ft. C. coruscans—Plant 6-9 in., flowering stems 1 to 2 ft.

C. rhombifolia—Small blue-grey rhomboid leaves, conspicuously spotted maroon. Plants 1/- to 2/6 each.

†Crassula albiflora—Floriferous. Conspicuous white flowers.

falcata-Large grey foliage. Big heads of orange-scarlet flowers.

flava—4 in. Delightful pot plant with dark grey foliage. lycopodioides—Suitable for miniature Karroo gardens. Compact pyramidal foliage.

perfoliata-Very beautiful orange red blooms. Grey foliage.

tetragona.

coryndulosa-Neat growing, bronze foliage with fringed edges. 6 in.

perfossa—Tiny grey leaves, margined crimson.

rhomboidia—4 in. Grey foliage shaded to deep red. Pink and white blooms. Very attractive. campanulata—Yellow green foliage, tipped red.

11.39

dassycarpa—Tiny grey-leaved plant minute white flower.

Rochea coccinea-Flowering stems 1 to 2 ft. Heads of brilliant scarlet flowers. R. odoratissima—Smaller, flowers cream.

Stapeliads, S. variegata.

" Caralluma incarnata.

, la , N.E. Brownii.

*Faucaria tigrina—Leaves with sharp points growing close to ground. Good orange yellow flower.

nigricans.

*Hereroa dolabriformis—Leaves branched like stag's horns. Very compact

*Huernia hystrix. Kalanchoe thyrsoides.

" rotundifolia.

*Mentocalyx veluntinum.

*Muiria Hortensae.

†Rochea coccinea.

†Gasteria nigricans.

Gasteria hirsuta.

Prices of plants of all these will be sent on request. They all travel quite well dried off and packed with some ventilation.

* Suitable for 6 in. pot. † Suitable for 4 in. pot.

Citadel Press I,oop Street,